



GRILL REGULATIONS

Per The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

Treasure Island Fire Rescue

"Let's not meet by accident!"

The NFPA is the authority on fire, electrical, and building safety. Among the many codes are those that govern fire safety as it relates to cooking equipment.

NFPA Code 10.11.6.1

For other than one- and two-family dwellings, no hibachi, grill, or other similar devices used for cooking, heating, or any other purpose shall be used or kindled on any balcony, under any overhanging portion, or within 10 feet of any structure. Listed electric portable, tabletop grills not to exceed 200 square inches of cooking surface, or other similar apparatus shall be permitted.

NFPA Code 10.11.6.2

For other than one- and two-family dwellings, no hibachi, grill, or other similar devices used for cooking shall be stored on a balcony.

It is the responsibility of the Treasure Island Fire Rescue Department to perform annual inspections of all commercial properties and all residences of three or more units to see that these regulations are followed.

FACTS & STATS ON GRILLING

10,600 home fires are started by grills each year, on average

July is the peak month for grill fires, followed by June, May and August.

19,700 patients go to the ER each year because of injuries involving grills.

64% of U.S. households own at least one outdoor BBQ, grill or smoker

Gas grills contribute to higher numbers of fires than charcoal grills

*Grilling statistics from NFPA

